



Towards Human-aware Intelligent User Interfaces

Research Talk

Zhiming Hu

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Perceptual User Interfaces Group, University of Stuttgart

Computational Biophysics and Biorobotics Group, University of Stuttgart

Stuttgart Center for Simulation Science (SimTech)

Personal Introduction

Research Outline

Human Behaviour Estimation and Prediction

Computational Human Activity Analysis

Human-aware Intelligent System

Conclusion



Education Background

- Ph.D. in Computer Software and Theory 2017.09-2022.07
Peking University, Supervised by Prof. Guoping Wang
- B.Eng. in Optical Engineering 2013.09-2017.07
Beijing Institute of Technology

Academic Positions

- Post-doctoral Researcher 2022.08-now
University of Stuttgart, Led by Prof. Andreas Bulling & Prof. Syn Schmitt



As a researcher:

- Best Doctoral Student Paper Award Nominees at INTERACT 2023
- **TVCG Best Journal Award Nominees at IEEE VR 2021** (top 2%, first time for Chinese researchers)

As a student:

- **National Scholarship** (top 2%), 2021
- CSC (China Scholarship Council) Scholarship, 2020
- Chancellor's Scholarship (top 2%), 2020
- Leo KoGuan Scholarship (top 5%), 2019
- **Leader Scholarship** (top 0.2%, 7 out of over 3800 students), 2017
- **National Scholarship** (top 2%), 2016
- **National Scholarship** (top 2%), 2014



Reviewing

- Journals: IMWUT, TiiS, T-MM, TVCG, IJHCI, MTAP
- Conferences: SIGGRAPH Asia, CVPR, ICCV, ECCV, CHI, UIST, IEEE VR, ISMAR

Organising committee

- Virtualisation Chair for ETRA 2024
- Associate Chair for MuC 2023
- Technical Program Committee member for iWOAR 2023



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- Human-computer interaction
- Virtual reality
- Eye tracking
- Human-centred artificial intelligence

Research goal

Develop human-aware intelligent user interfaces that can accurately model human daily behaviours



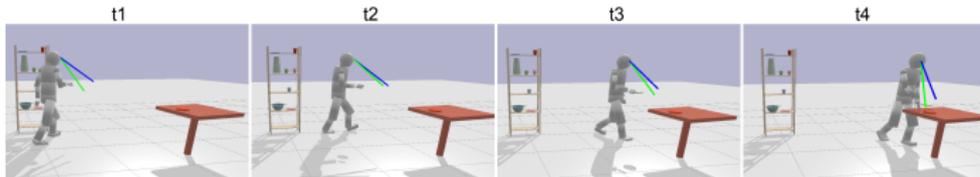
Towards Human-aware Intelligent User Interfaces

- Human behaviour estimation and prediction
How to acquire human behaviour data?
- Computational human activity analysis
What can we learn from human data?
- Human-aware intelligent system
How to enhance the system's intelligence using human data?



Towards Human-aware Intelligent User Interfaces

- Human behaviour estimation and prediction
- Computational human activity analysis
- Human-aware intelligent system



Human daily pick and place actions

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- Head pose-based gaze estimation
- Task-oriented gaze prediction
- Privacy-preserving gaze estimation
- Gaze super-resolution



Problem definition

- Input: head pose + scene content
- Output: gaze position



Static virtual environments [Hu TVCG'19]

SGaze: An Eye-head Coordination Model for Gaze Prediction

$$\tilde{x}_g = \alpha_x \cdot \tilde{v}_{hx}(t + \Delta t_x) + \beta_x \cdot a_{hx} + b_x \cdot x_S + c_x$$

$$\tilde{y}_g = \alpha_y \cdot \tilde{v}_{hy}(t + \Delta t_y) + b_y \cdot y_S + c_y$$

\tilde{x}_g, \tilde{y}_g : predicted eye gaze

$\tilde{v}_{hx}, \tilde{v}_{hy}$: head velocity

$\Delta t_x, \Delta t_y$: time interval between gaze and head

a_{hx} : horizontal head acceleration

x_S, y_S : salient positions

$\alpha_x, \alpha_y, \beta_x, b_x, b_y, c_x, c_y$: learned parameters

[Hu TVCG'19]



Problem definition

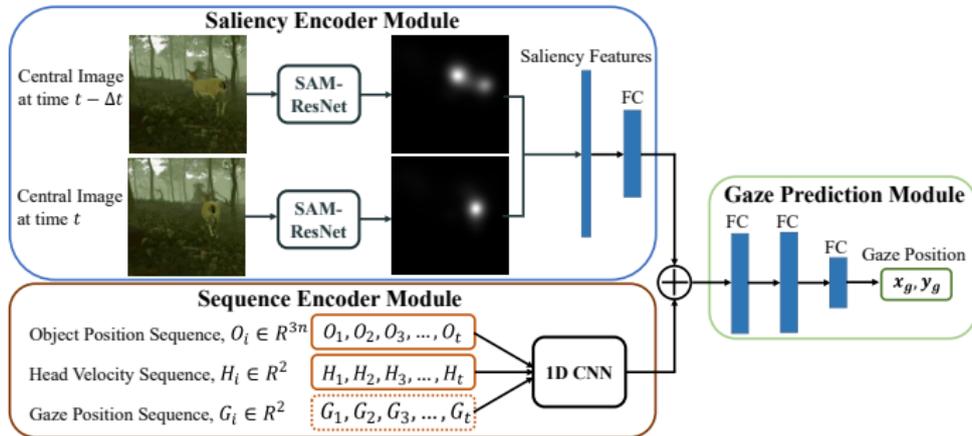
- Input: head pose + scene content + dynamic objects
- Output: gaze position



Dynamic virtual environments [Hu TVCG'20]

DGaze: CNN-based Gaze Prediction in Dynamic Scenes

- Gaze estimation using VR content, and head movements
- Gaze forecasting using past gaze positions



[Hu TVCG'20]



Problem definition

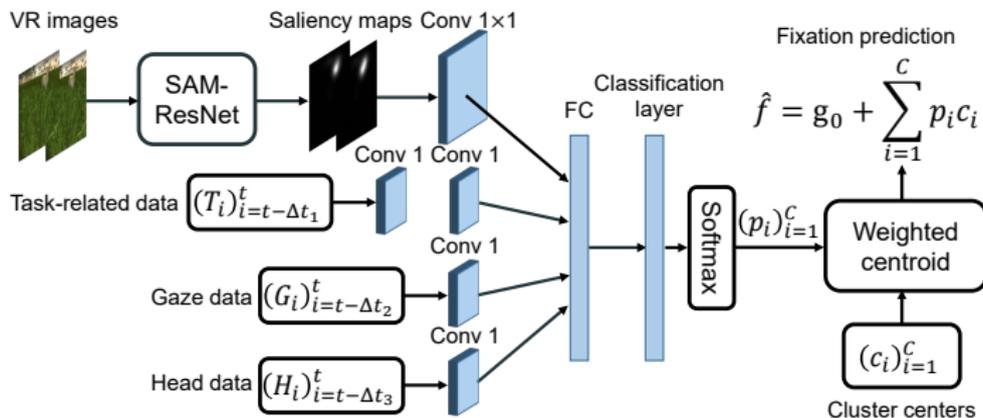
- Input: head pose + scene content + task-related information
- Output: future gaze fixation



Task-oriented virtual environments [Hu TVCG'21]

FixationNet: Gaze Forecasting in Task-oriented Environments

- Extract features from VR content, past gaze and head data
- Forecast fixation using prior knowledge of gaze distribution



[Hu TVCG'21 Best Journal Nominees Award]

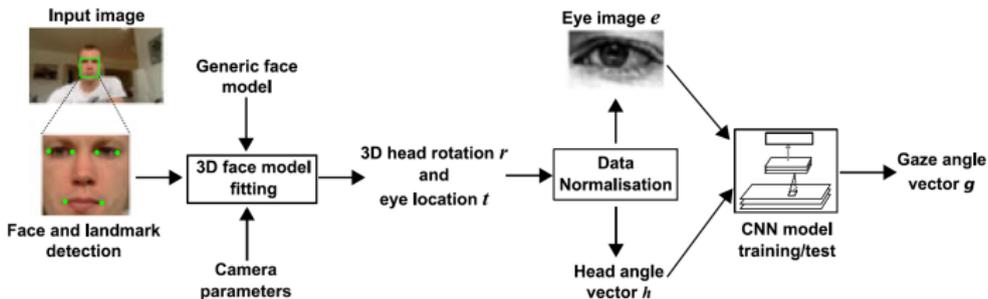


Background

- Gaze estimation from face or eye images
- Face or eye images are privacy-sensitive

Problem definition

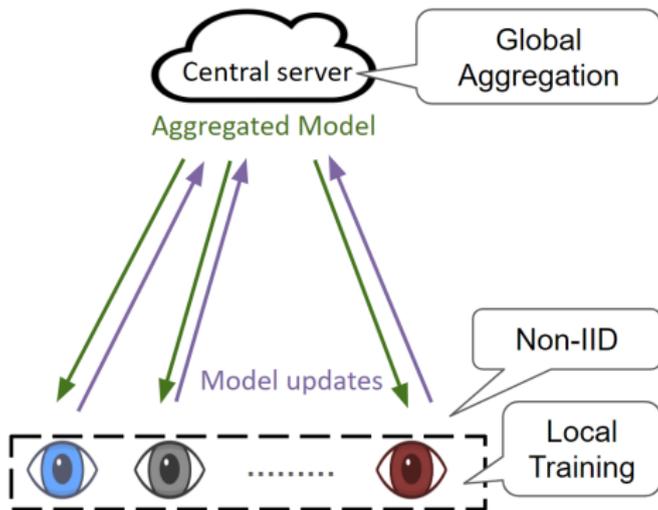
- Enhance the privacy of appearance-based gaze estimators



Appearance-based gaze estimation [Zhang PAMI'17]

Privacy-preserving Gaze Estimation using Federated Learning

- Local training to preserve privacy
- Global aggregation to ensure accuracy



Background

- Mobile eye trackers usually suffer from low-resolution
- High-resolution gaze data is significant for many applications

Problem definition

- Input: low(er)-resolution gaze data
- Output: high(er)-resolution gaze data

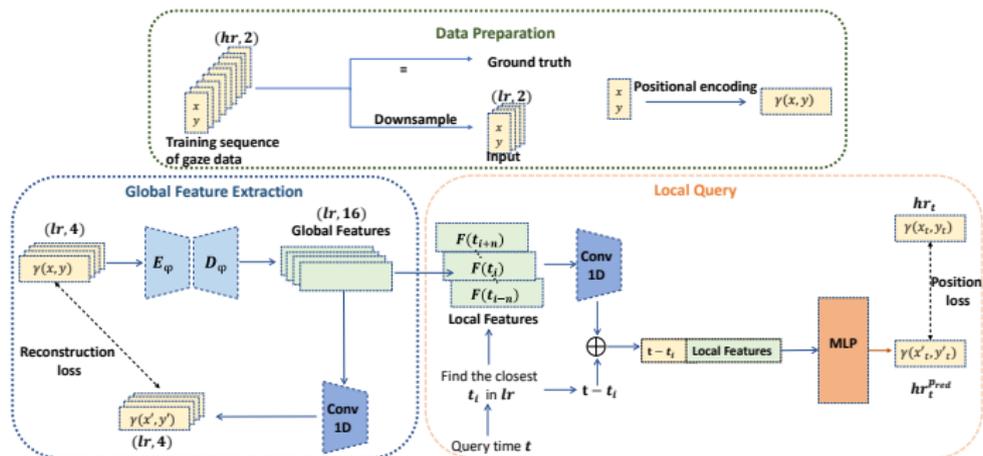


Mobile eye tracker [<https://pupil-labs.com/products/core>]



SUPREYES: SUPER Resolution for EYES

- Implicit neural representation learning
- Global feature extraction and local query



[jiao UIST'23]



Summary

- Head pose-based gaze estimation
- Task-oriented gaze prediction
- Privacy-preserving gaze estimation
- Gaze super-resolution

Future work

- Human pose estimation
- Human motion prediction
- Hand pose estimation



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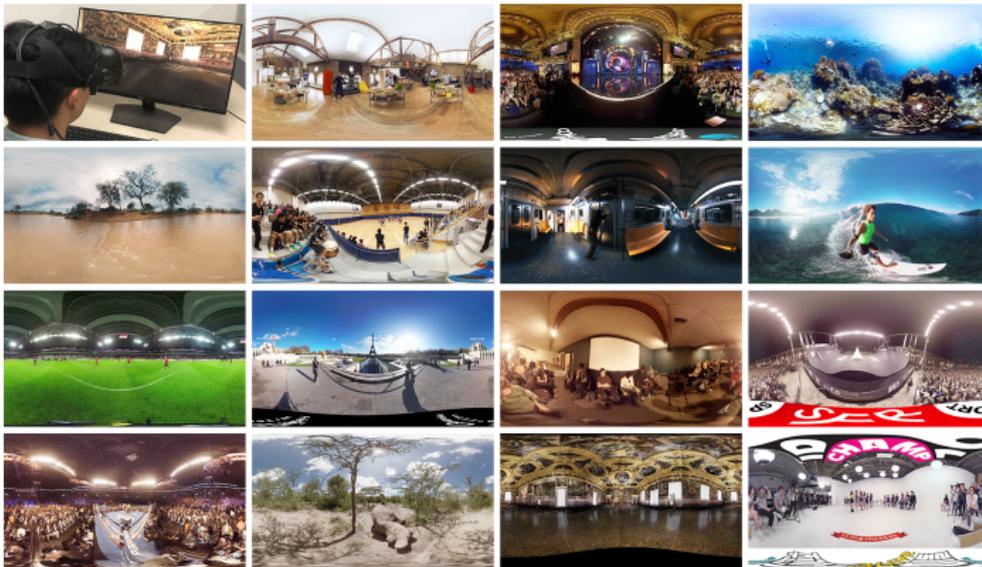


- Eye and head movement analysis
- Mouse and keyboard behaviour analysis



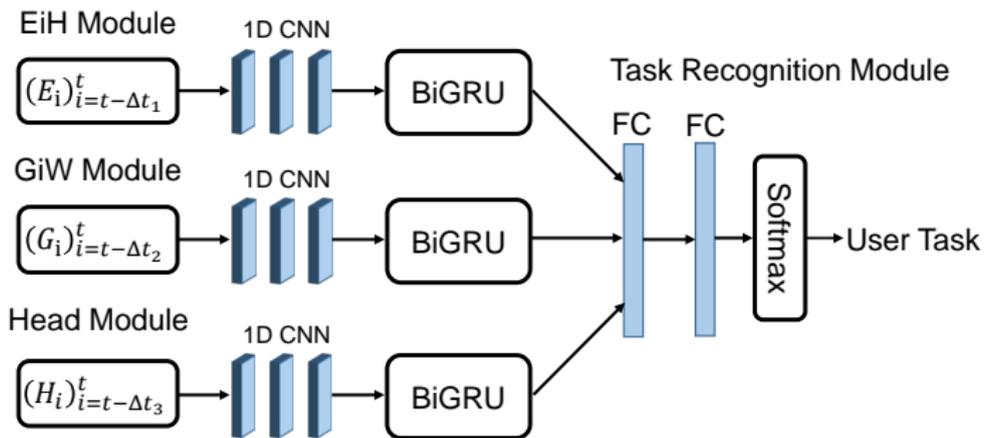
Problem definition

- Analyse eye and head movements under different tasks
- Recognise user tasks from eye and head features



EHTask: Task Recognition from Eye and Head Movements

- Extract features from eye and head movements
- Fuse eye and head features to recognise user tasks

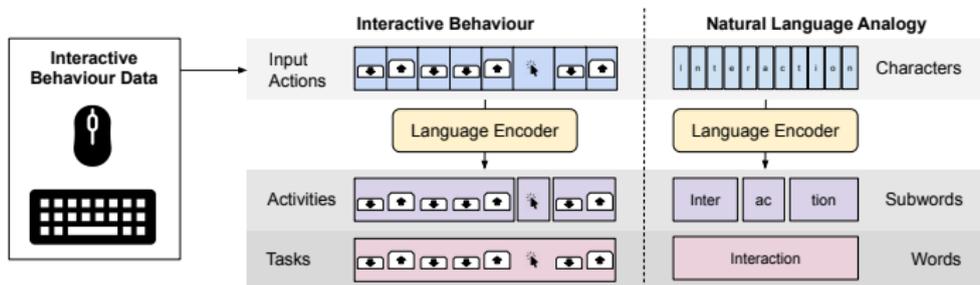


[Hu TVCG'22]



Background

- Interactive behaviour is similar to natural language
- Can NLP methods be used to model interactive behaviour?

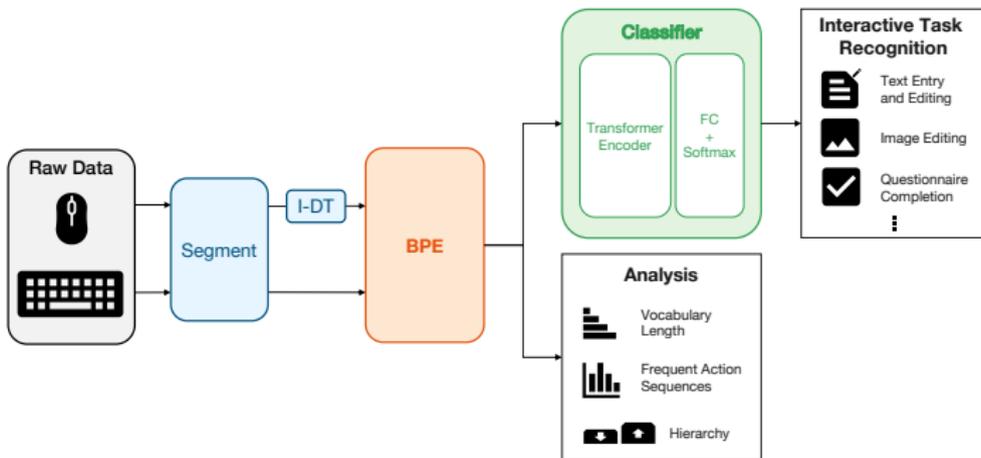


[Zhang INTERACT'23 Best Student Paper Nominees]



Modelling Interactive Behaviour using NLP Methods

- Byte pair encoding (BPE) to encode mouse and keyboard behaviour
- Transformer to recognise user tasks



[Zhang INTERACT'23 Best Student Paper Nominees]



Summary

- Eye and head movement analysis
- Mouse and keyboard behaviour analysis

Future work

- Human motion analysis
- Human interaction intention analysis



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- Gaze-contingent rendering system
- Head-assisted locomotion system



Background

- Virtual reality system requires high refresh rate to ensure user experience
- High refresh rate is computationally expensive



Gaze Estimation for Gaze-contingent Rendering

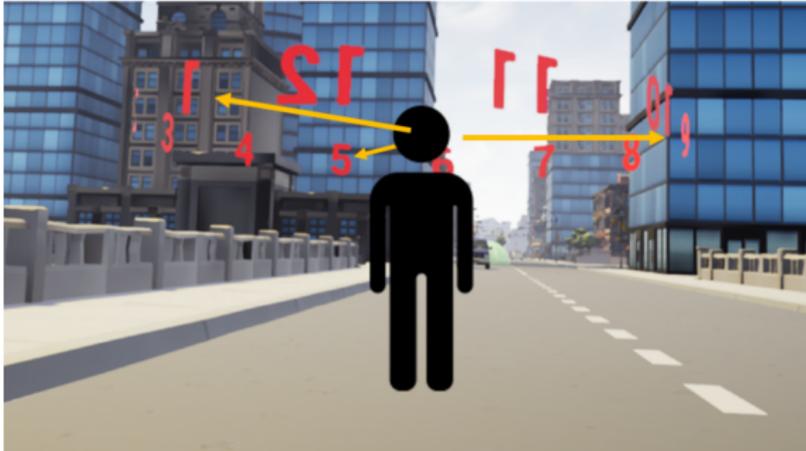
- Estimate eye gaze in virtual environments
- Apply estimated eye gaze to gaze-contingent rendering



Gaze-contingent rendering [Hu TVCG'20]

Background

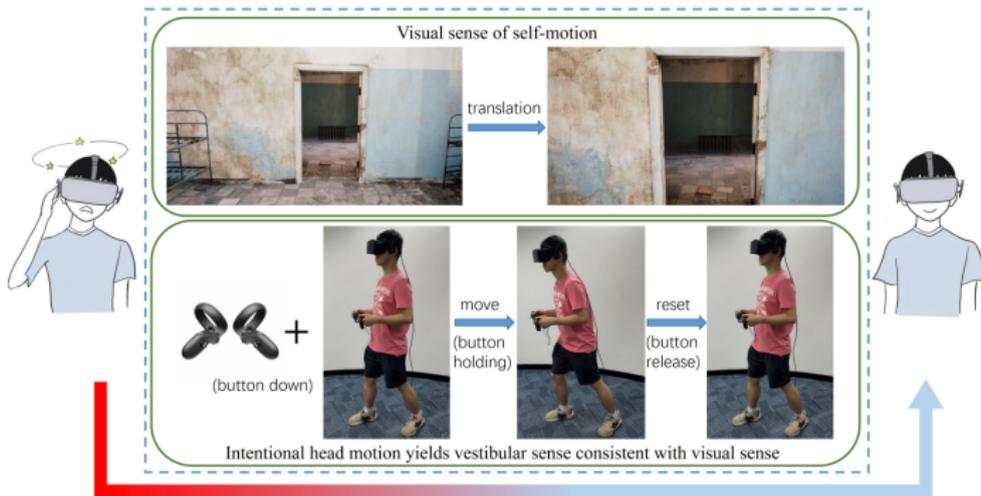
- Locomotion is important for exploring virtual environments
- Cybersickness happens during locomotion



Locomotion in VR [Lin TVCG'22]

Intentional Head Motion-assisted Locomotion

- Cybersickness is correlated with self-motion velocity
- Intentional head motion can reduce cybersickness



[Lin TVCG'22]



Summary

- Gaze-contingent rendering system
- Head-assisted locomotion system

Future work

- Intention-aware adaptive system
- Low-friction predictive interface



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Any question?



Thank you!



- Elfares NeurIPS GMMML'22. Federated learning for appearance-based gaze estimation in the wild. In *Proceedings of the NeurIPS Workshop Gaze Meets ML (GMMML)*, pages 1–17, 2022. doi: 10.48550/arXiv.2211.07330.
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- Zhang INTERACT'23. Exploring natural language processing methods for interactive behaviour modelling. In *Proc. IFIP TC13 Conference on Human-Computer Interaction (INTERACT)*, pages 1–22. Springer, 2023.
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